

Working Session on Monitoring and Data Assimilation

- Getting started
- Context
- Discussion and products

by David Freyberg, Ph.D

Monitoring and Data Assimilation

- **Why?**

Significant developments:

- ◆ Sensor technology
- ◆ Cyberinfrastructure
- ◆ Analytical tools

Allowing:

- ◆ More parameters
- ◆ High spatial and temporal density of observation
- ◆ Rational integration of observations and predictive models to enhance value

Sensors

- **Technological innovation**

For example

- ◆ Micromachining, nanotechnology
- ◆ Acoustics, optics, remote sensing

Consequences

- ◆ Smaller size, lower cost, higher frequency response, selectivity

- **Challenges**

Deployment

- ◆ Remote sensing, mobile, fixed
- ◆ Field readiness, longevity, fouling

Calibration, self-calibration, QA/QC

Automation

Cyberinfrastructure

- **Hardware and software infrastructure**

 - Telecommunications

 - ◆ Loggers
 - ◆ Modems
 - ◆ Networks

 - Parallel processing

 - Data storage and retrieval

 - Knowledge systems/knowledge management

 - Intelligent agents

 - Visualization tools

 - Collaboration tools

Analytical Tools

- Theory, algorithms, methods

Control theory

Estimation theory

Deterministic and stochastic optimization

Numerical analysis

Models

- ◆ Simulation and forecasting
- ◆ Up- and down-scaling

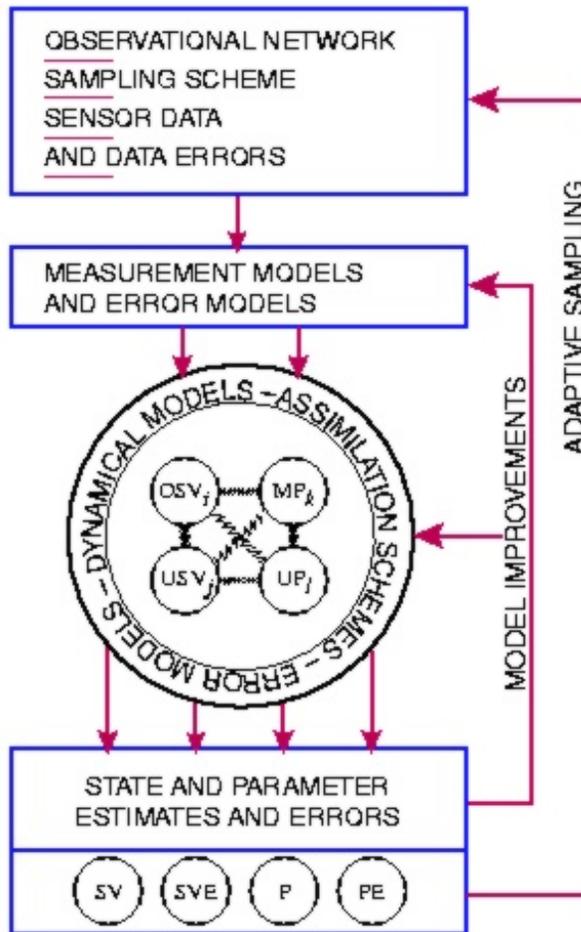
Data Assimilation

- **Defined**

Optimally combining information from imperfect models and imperfect measurements

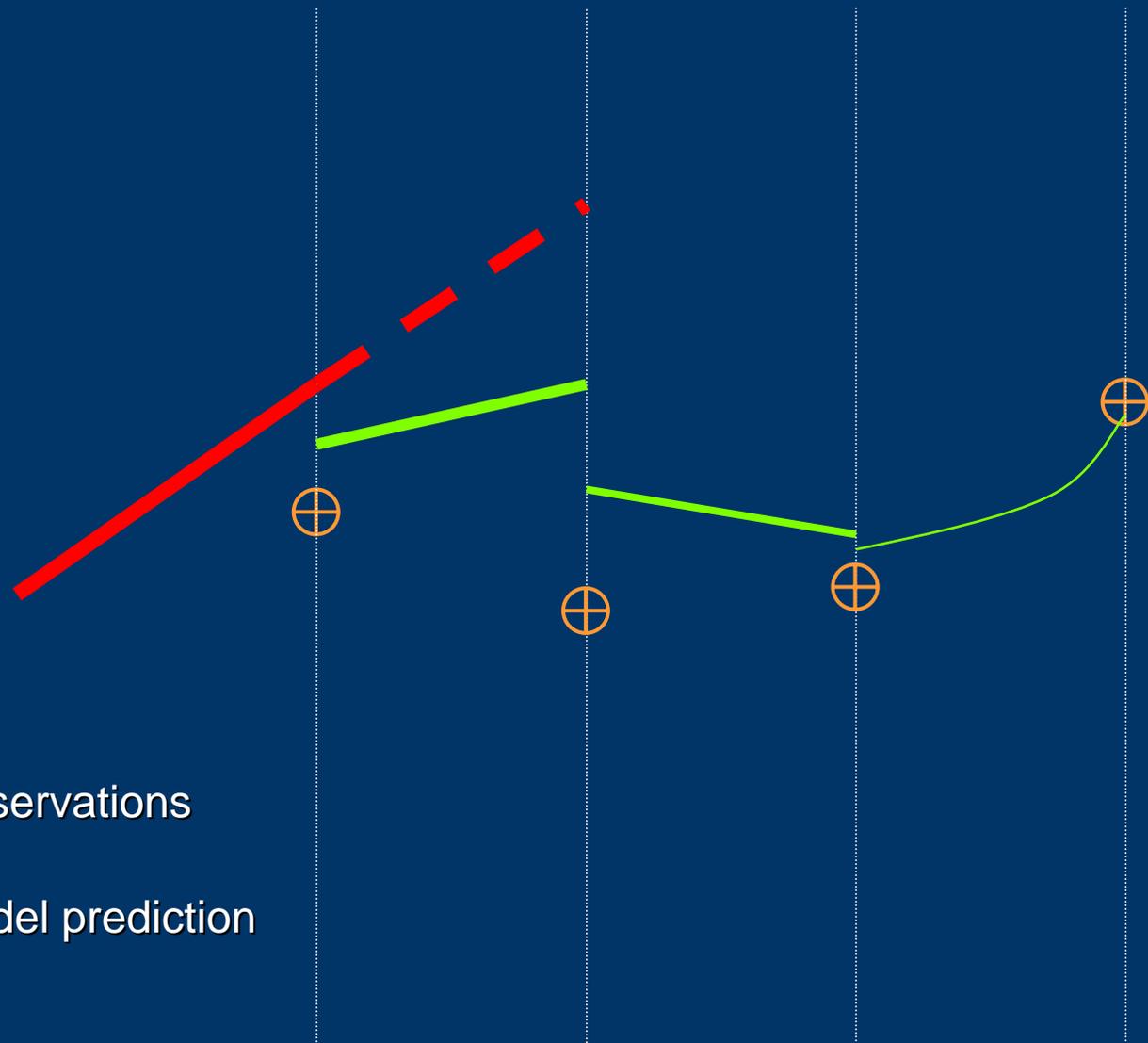
Three components

- ◆ Observations
- ◆ Dynamical model(s)
- ◆ Data assimilation (melding) scheme



SV: STATE VARIABLE
 P: PARAMETER
 O: OBSERVED
 M: MEASURED
 U: UNOBSERVED OR UNMEASURED
 E: ERROR
: DYNAMICAL LINKAGES

http://people.deas.harvard.edu/~robinson/PAPERS/red_report_62.html



⊕ Observations

— Model prediction

CA Bay-Delta Authority

May 2005

Independent Science Board

Data Assimilation

- **Purposes and benefits**

- Prediction/forecasting

- Control loss of predictability

- Adaptive sampling/monitoring/interpolation

- Up- and down-scaling

- Parameter estimation

- Process inference, i.e., better models

- Uncertainty characterization

- Adaptive management

- Better decisions

Data Assimilation

- **History**

Engineering feedback and control

Meteorology

Oceanography

Rapidly expanding to other -ologies

ISB Challenge

- Can we articulate a vision of and a rationale for an investment in monitoring and data assimilation for CALFED?
What is the added value to CALFED?
- Can we recommend CBDA actions? Can we define the issues facing implementation of M & DA systems?
What are the next steps?
- If so:
2-3 slides for Tom to use in presentation to CBDA Board
3-5 page document fleshing out slides

Strategy

- Very brief overview (*Freyberg, ISB*)

- Context

To keep things concrete—South Delta Barriers Program (*Mount, ISB*)

Inter-agency Real Time Data and Forecasting (*Rob DuVall, Municipal Water Quality Investigations Program, DWR*)

Broader California perspective (*Rich Losee, Water Quality Lab, Metropolitan Water District of Southern California*)

Even broader perspective (*Peter Goodwin, ISB*)

- ISB discussion