

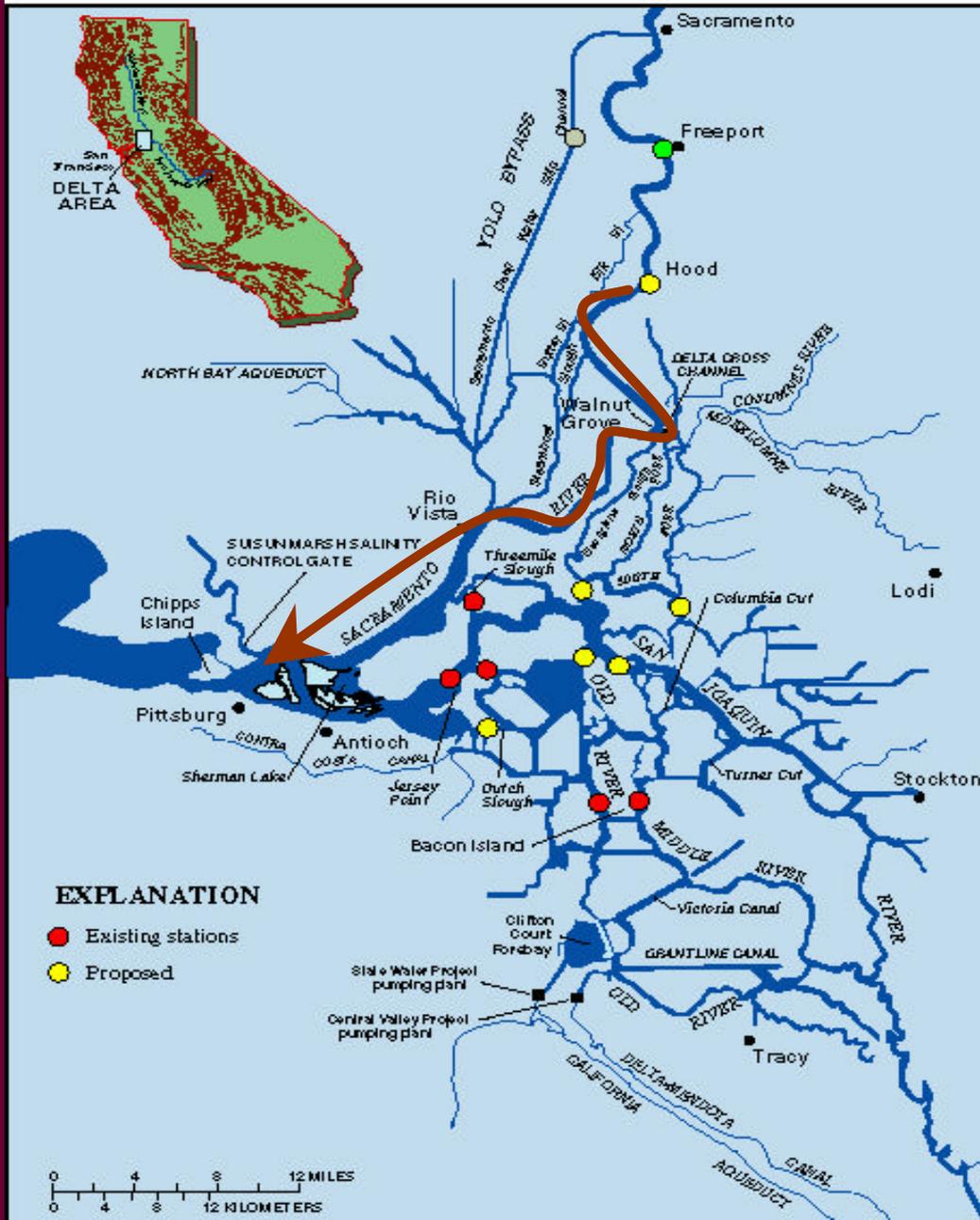
Balancing Fish and Water Quality



Vernalis Adaptive Management Program and Delta Cross Channel



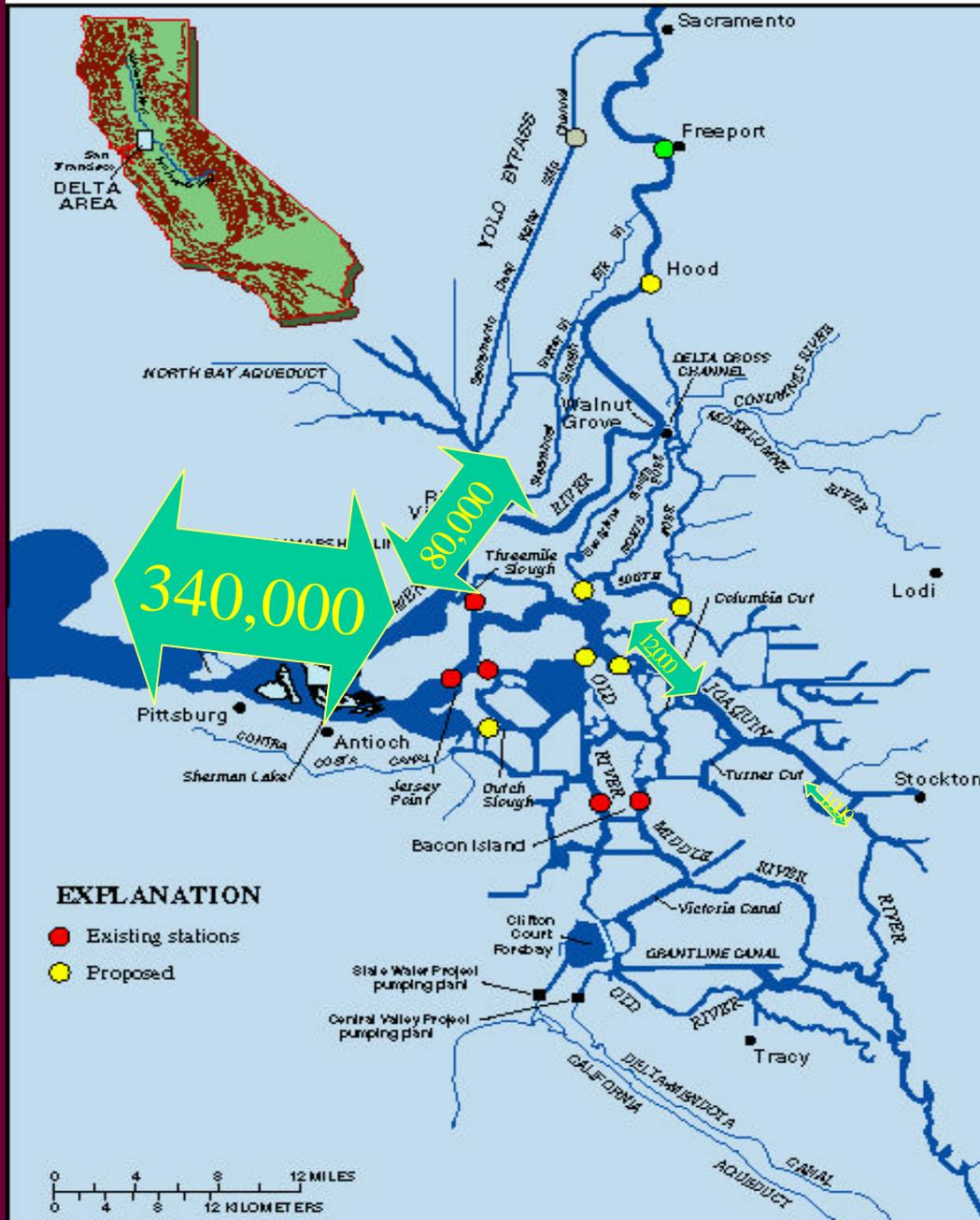
SACRAMENTO-SAN JOAQUIN DELTA



Delta Cross Channel Investigations



SACRAMENTO-SAN JOAQUIN DELTA



DCC Gates
closed when
Sacramento >
25,000 cfs

Maximum exports
~ 11,000

San Joaquin flow
enhancements

3,200 - 7000



2-14-93

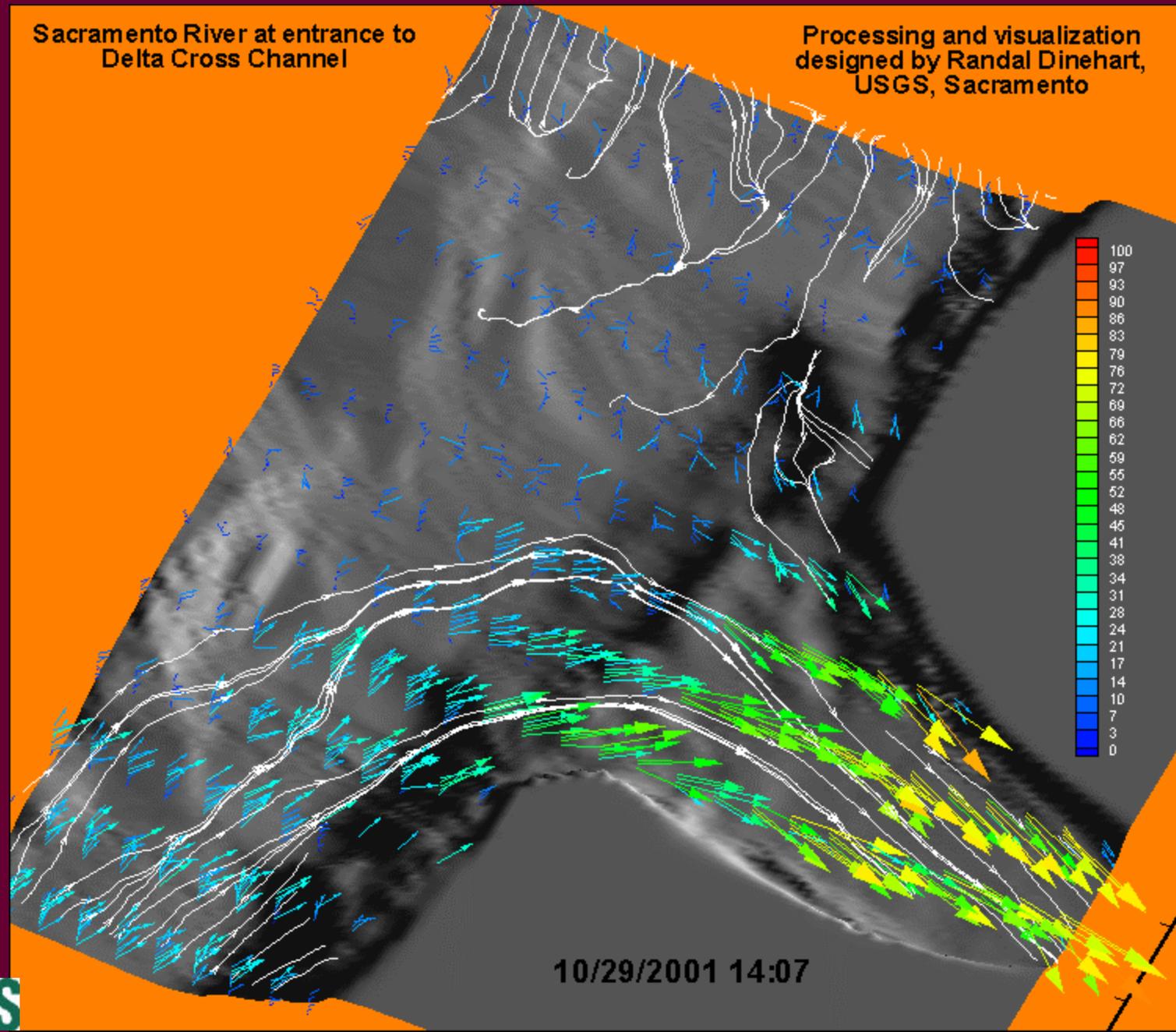
WR-BBG-C

3-8

**DCC
(gates closed)**



Flow Mapping results

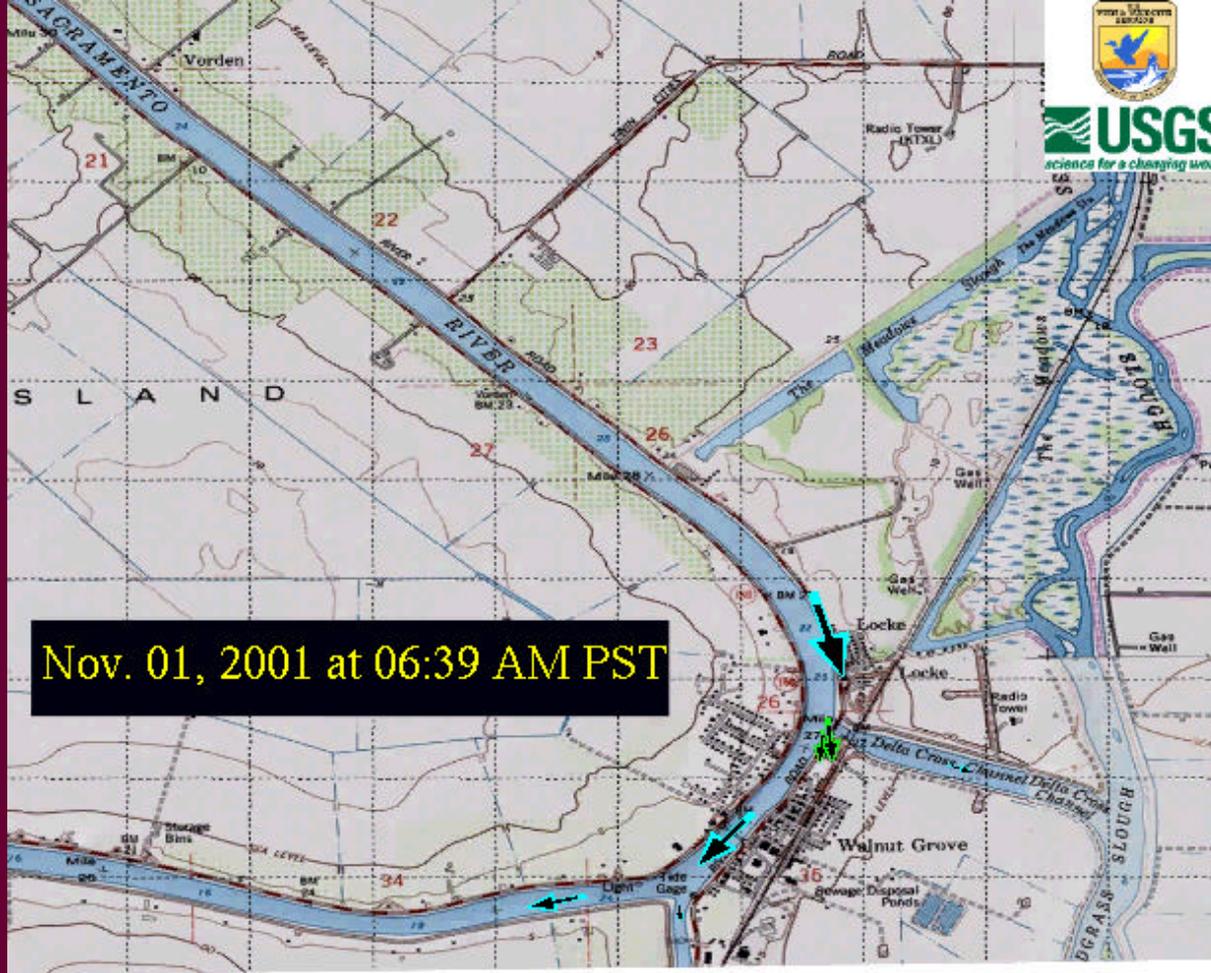


Logistics

Recovery effort:
Continuous MWT
w/ Chipps Is. nets
(larger, 10' x 30')



Nov 1-2

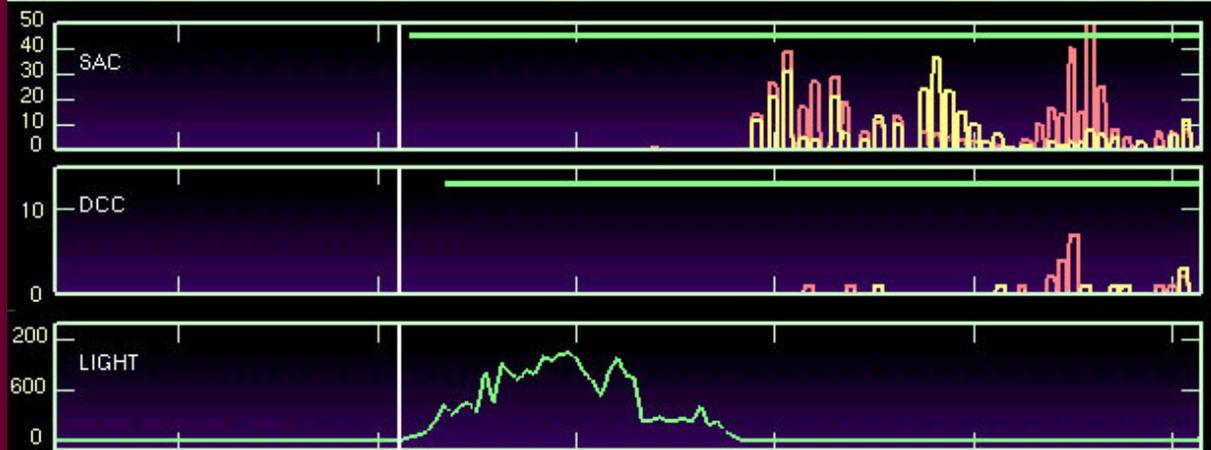


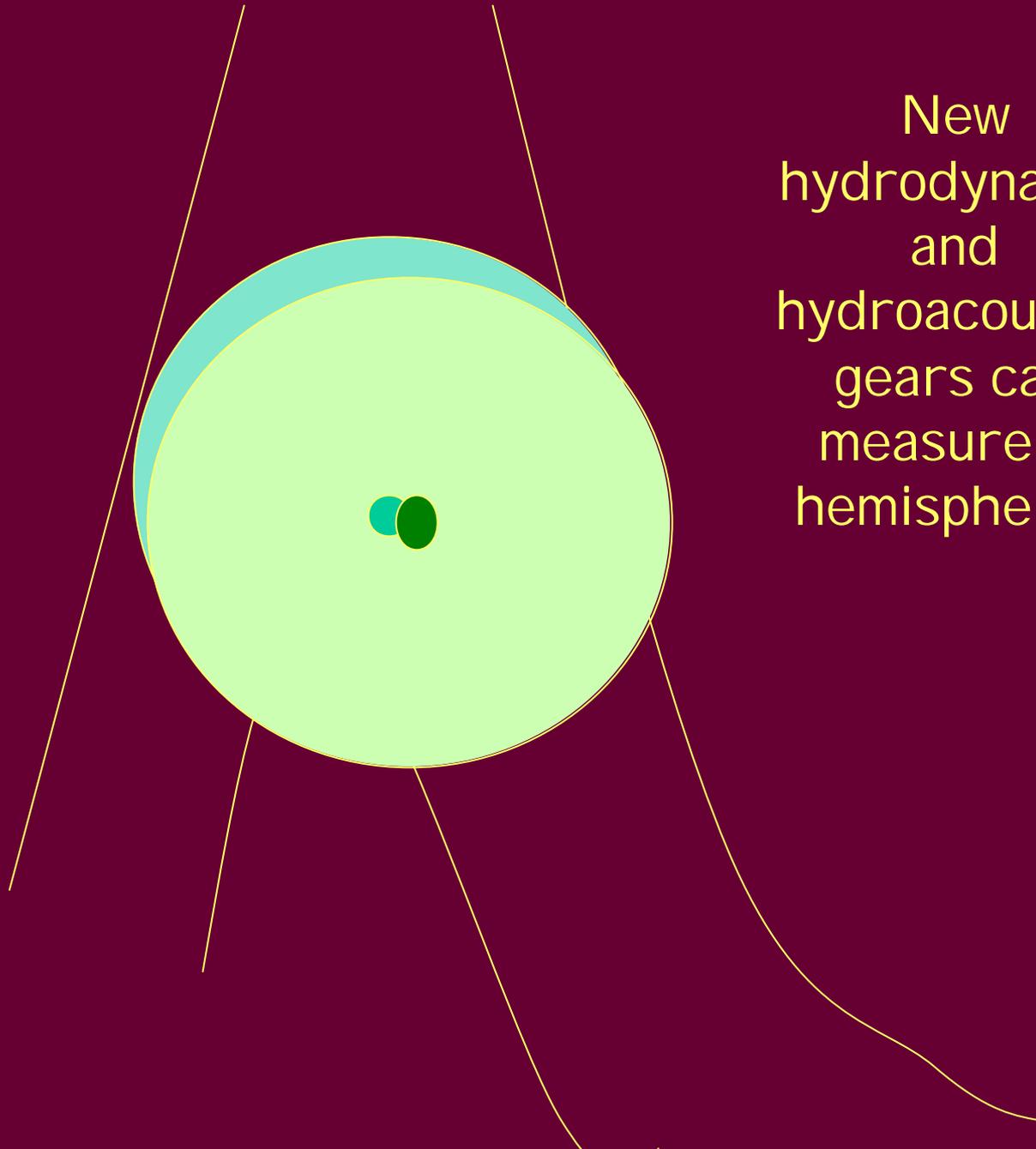
Nov. 01, 2001 at 06:39 AM PST

SAC Trawl

DCC Trawl

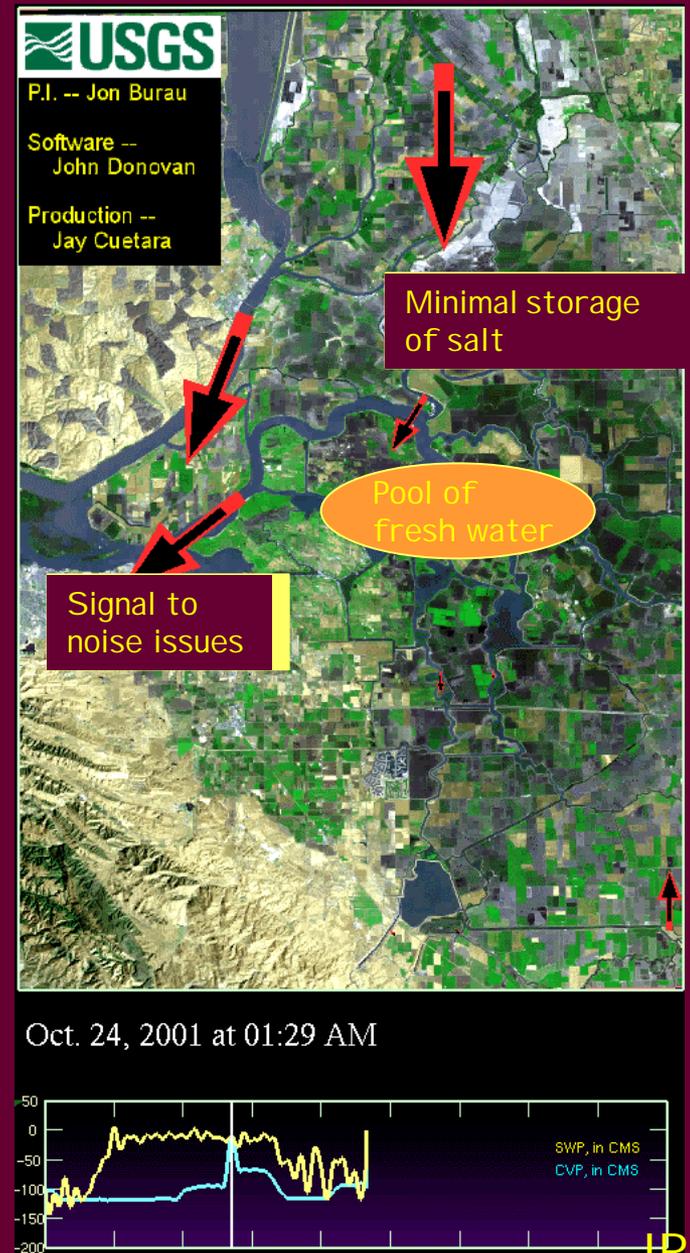
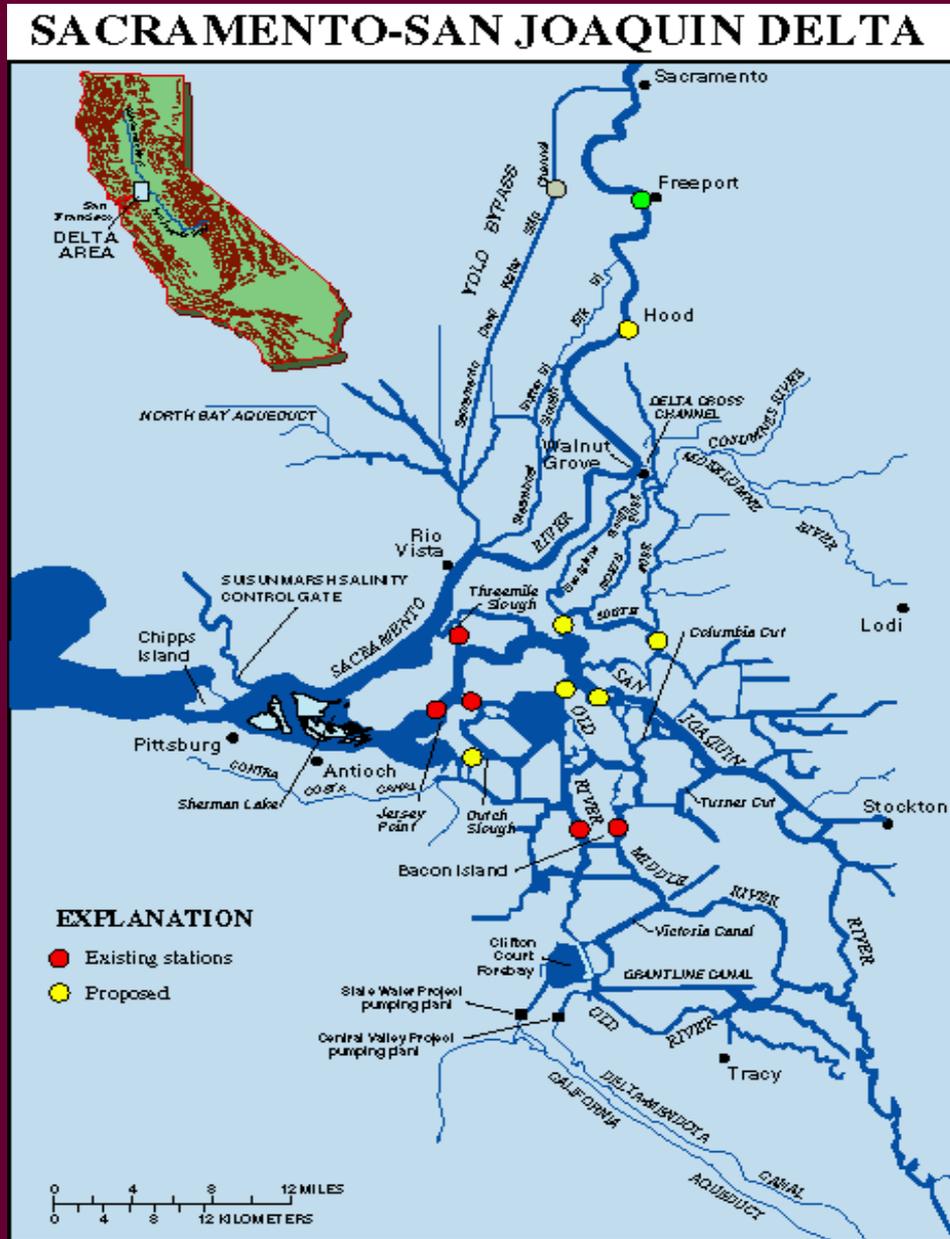
Light

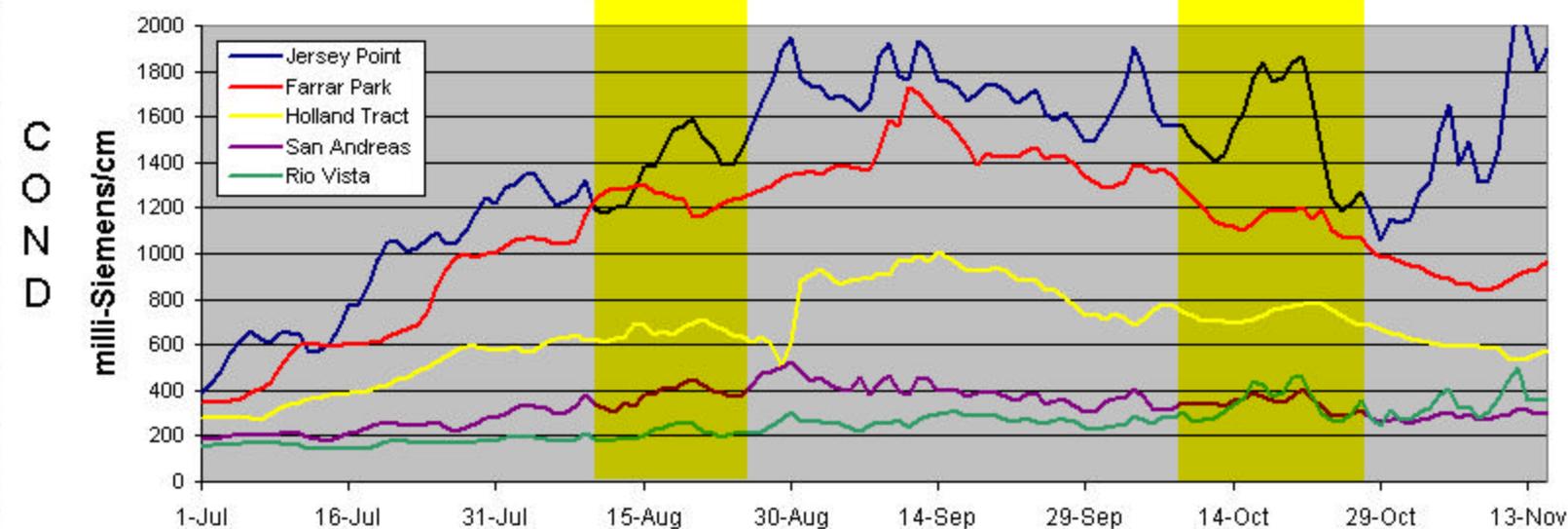
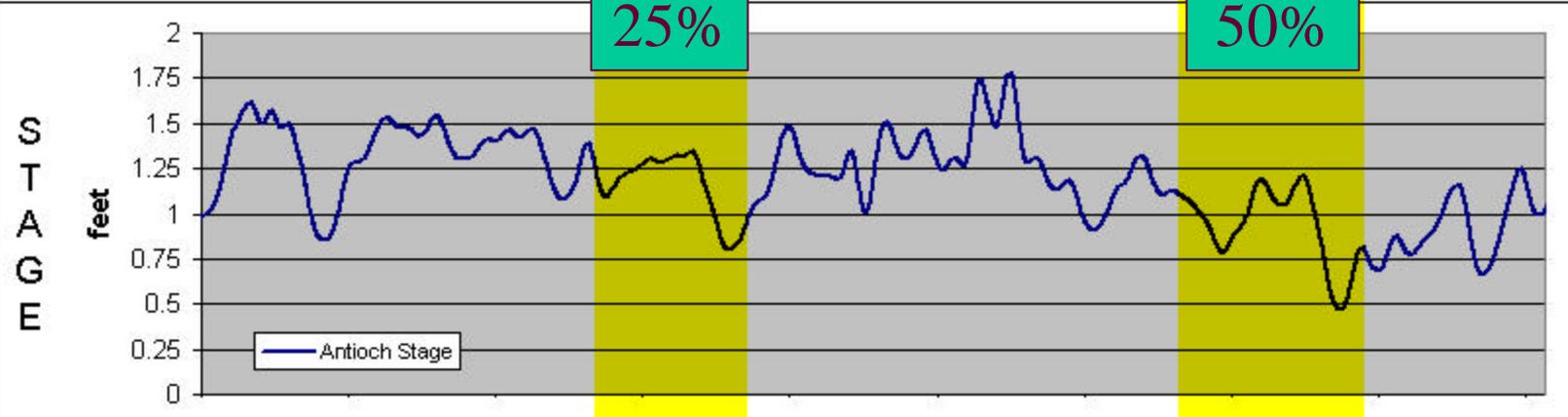
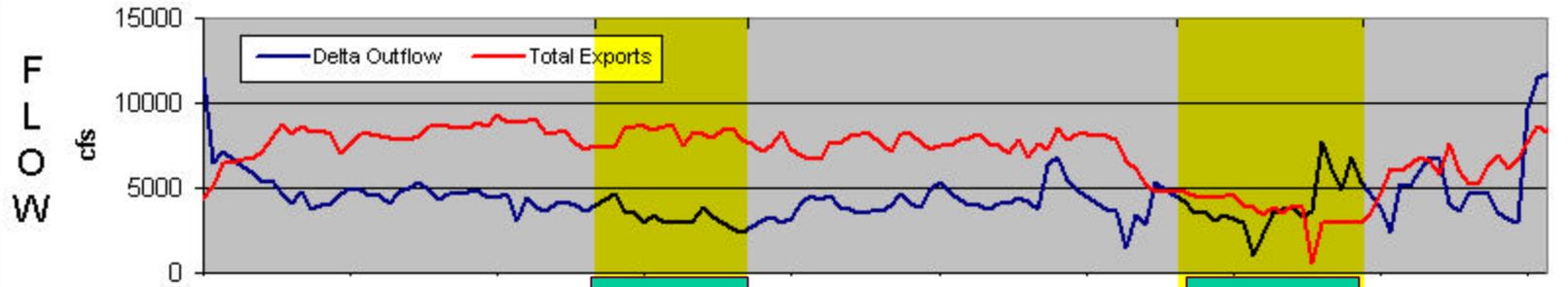




New
hydrodynamic
and
hydroacoustic
gears can
measure in
hemispheres

Water quality – Conceptual model/experimental design

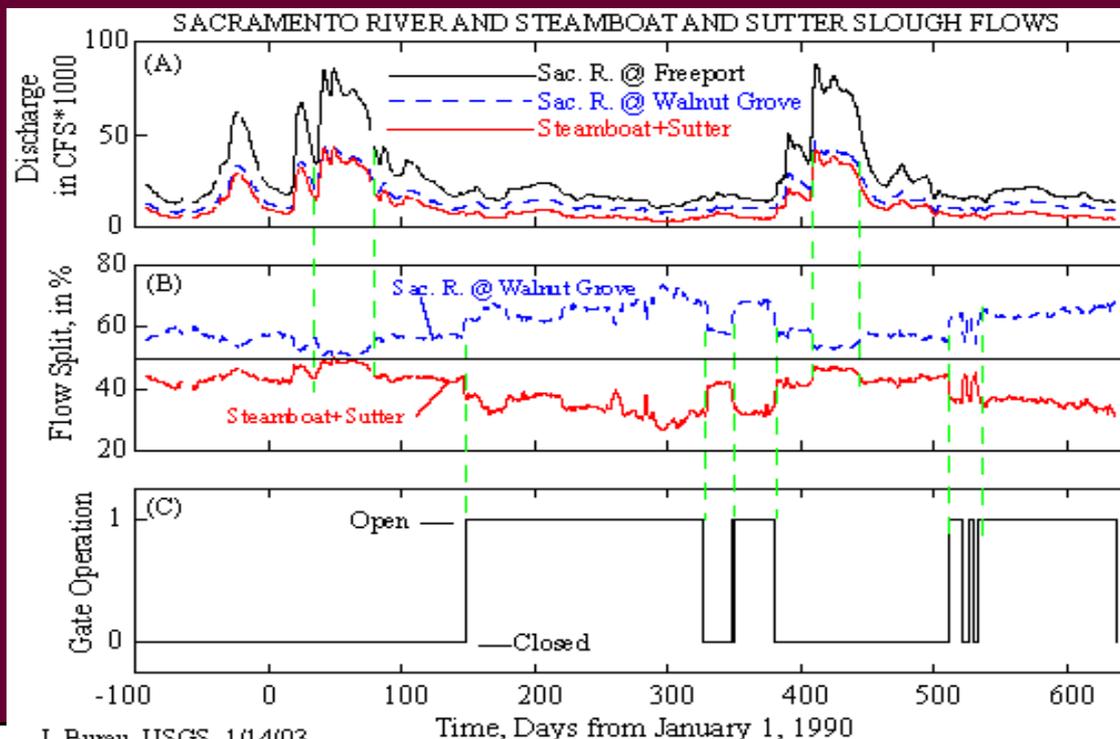




Water Quality Studies

- Gear in place or quickly deployed
- Need salinity response in central delta
- Need level flows and pumping
- Need two three-four day periods
- Ideally operate below balanced conditions to allow salinity to rise without violating standards
- Water costs prohibitive

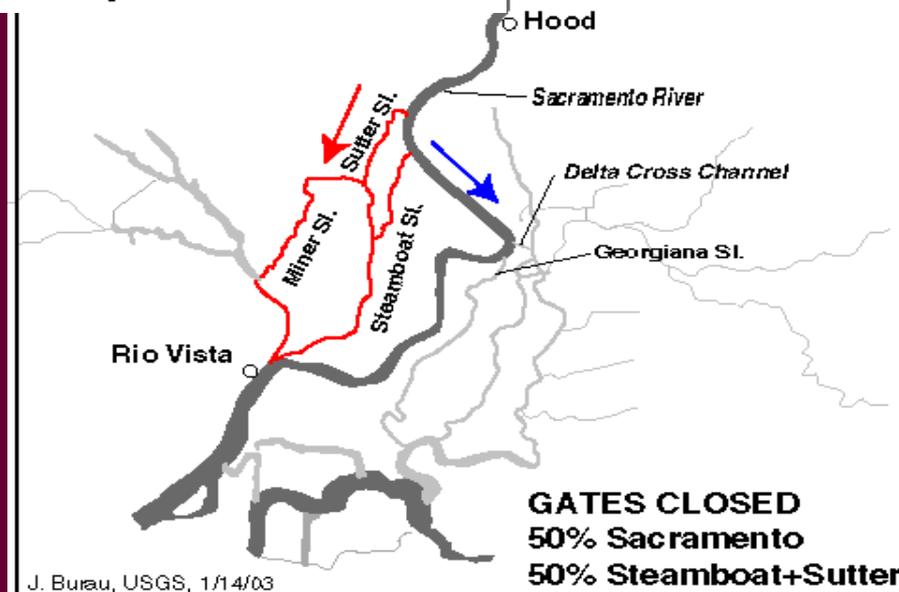
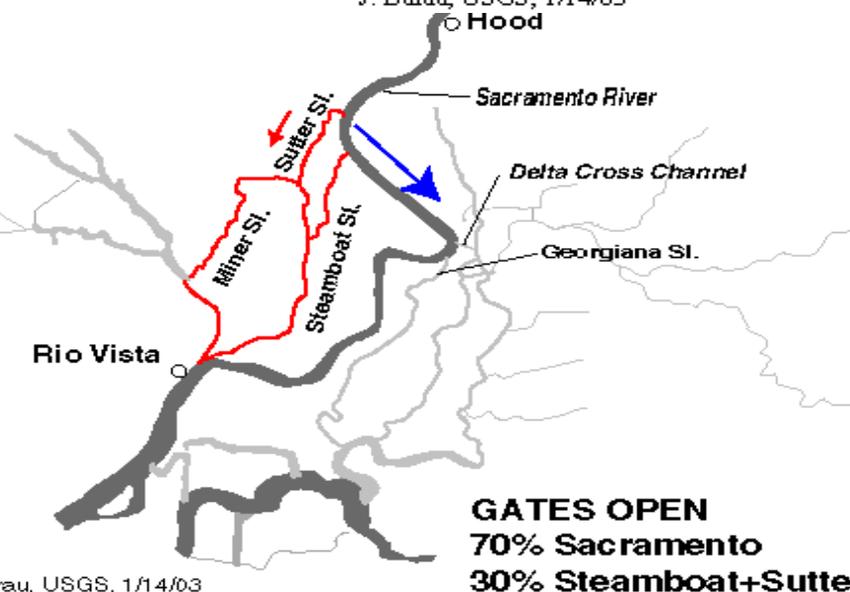
DCC Gate operations affect upstream flow splits



JRB

J. Burau, USGS, 1/14/03

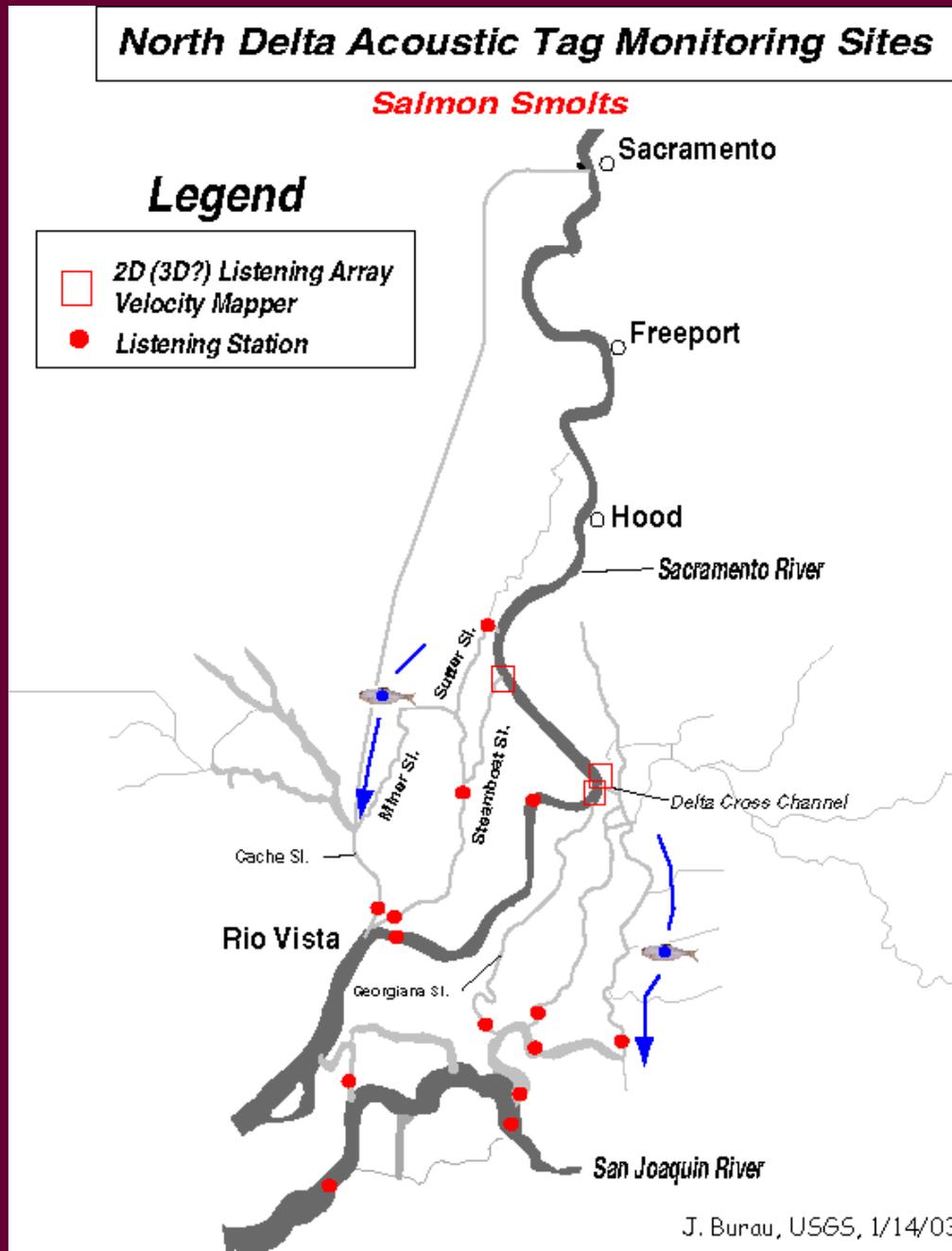
Time, Days from January 1, 1990



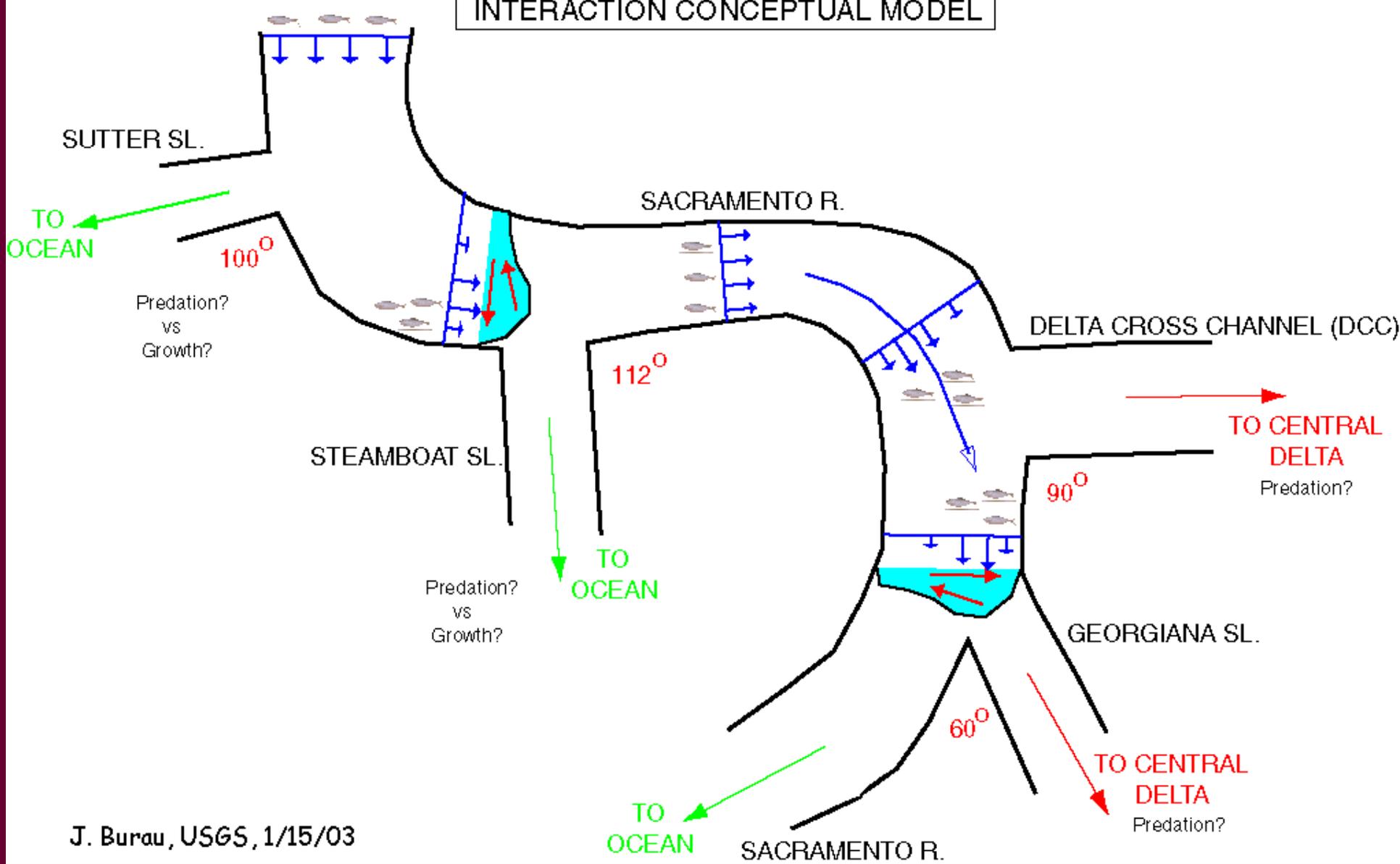
J. Burau, USGS, 1/14/03

J. Burau, USGS, 1/14/03

Experimental design for smolts - Regional



NORTH DELTA FLOW/SALMON SMOLT INTERACTION CONCEPTUAL MODEL



J. Burau, USGS, 1/15/03



JRB

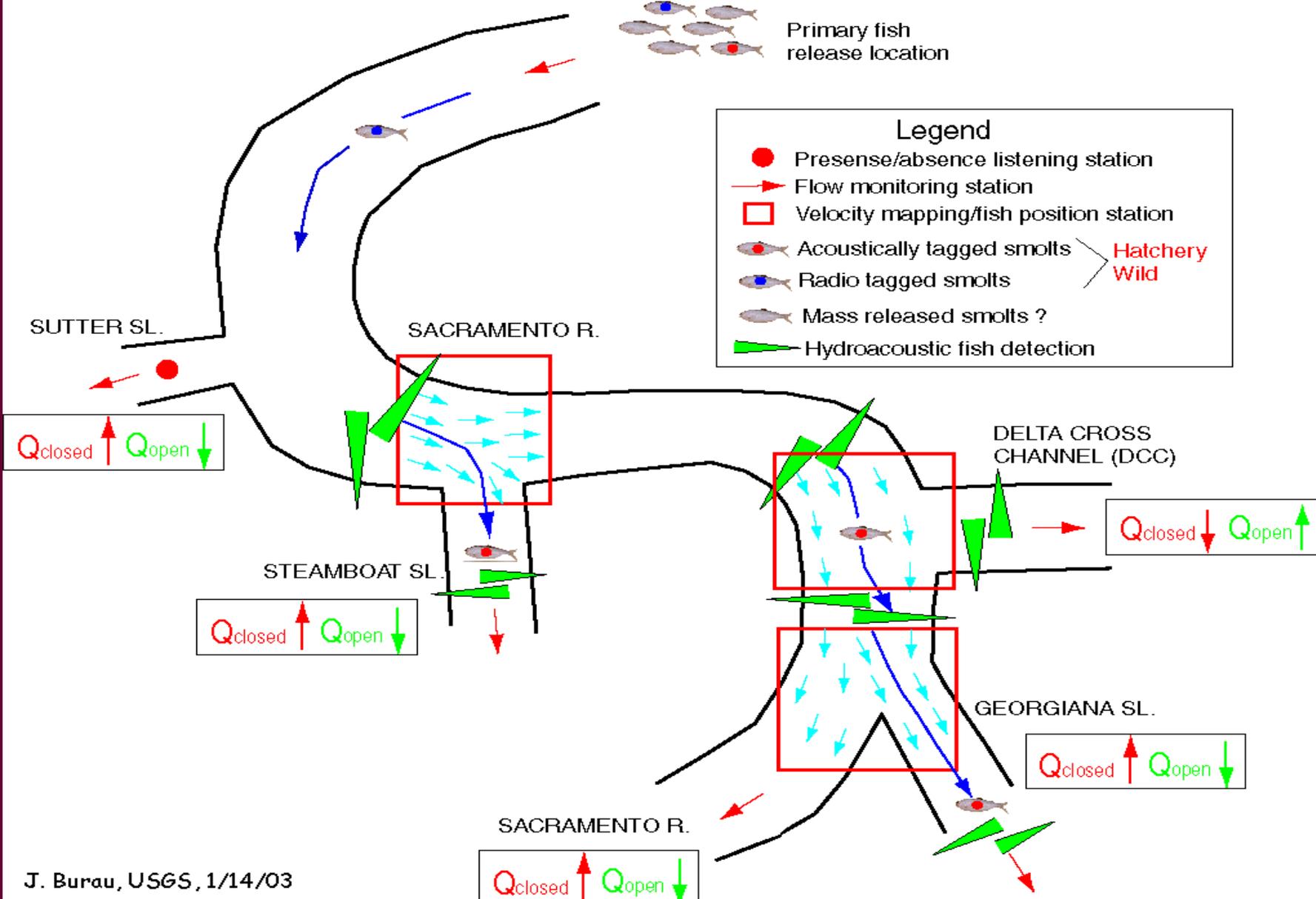
Experimental Design - Local -Quick Attack-



Primary fish release location

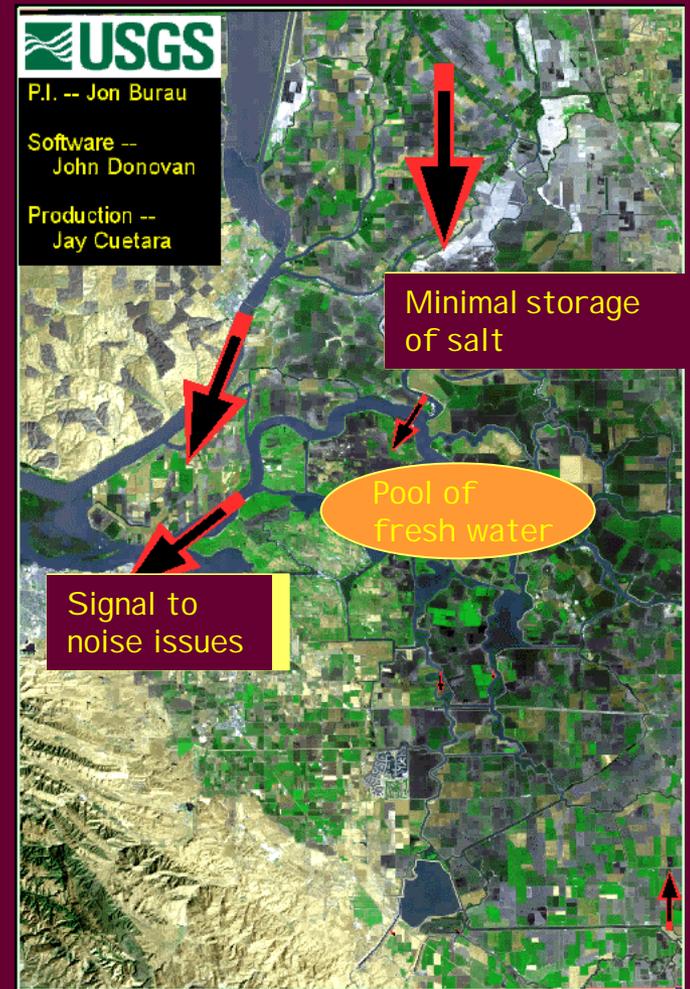
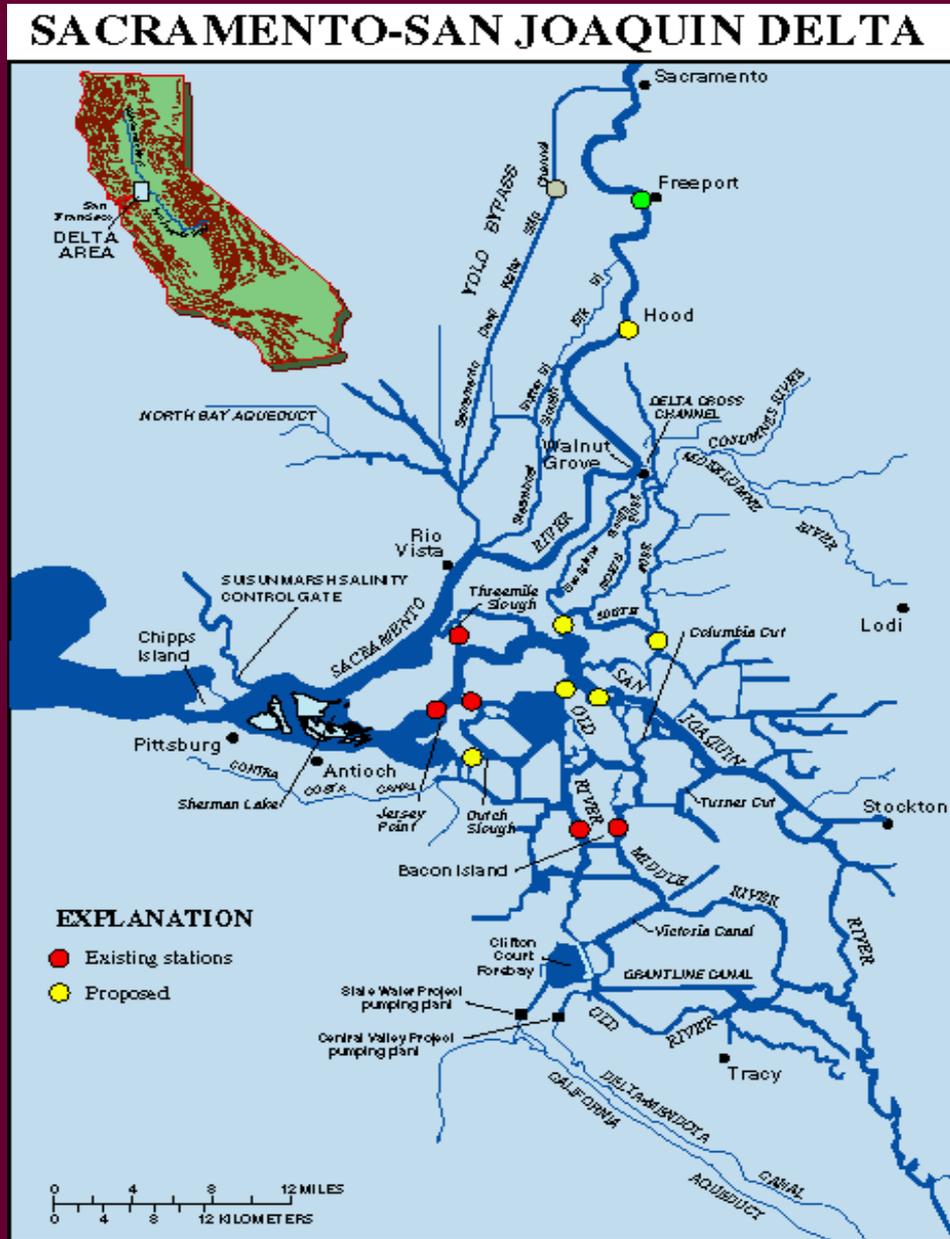
Legend

- Presense/absence listening station
- Flow monitoring station
- Velocity mapping/fish position station
- Acoustically tagged smolts } Hatchery
- Radio tagged smolts } Wild
- Mass released smolts ?
- Hydroacoustic fish detection

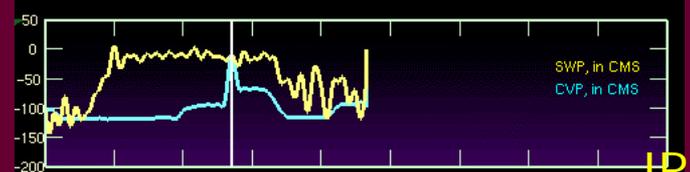


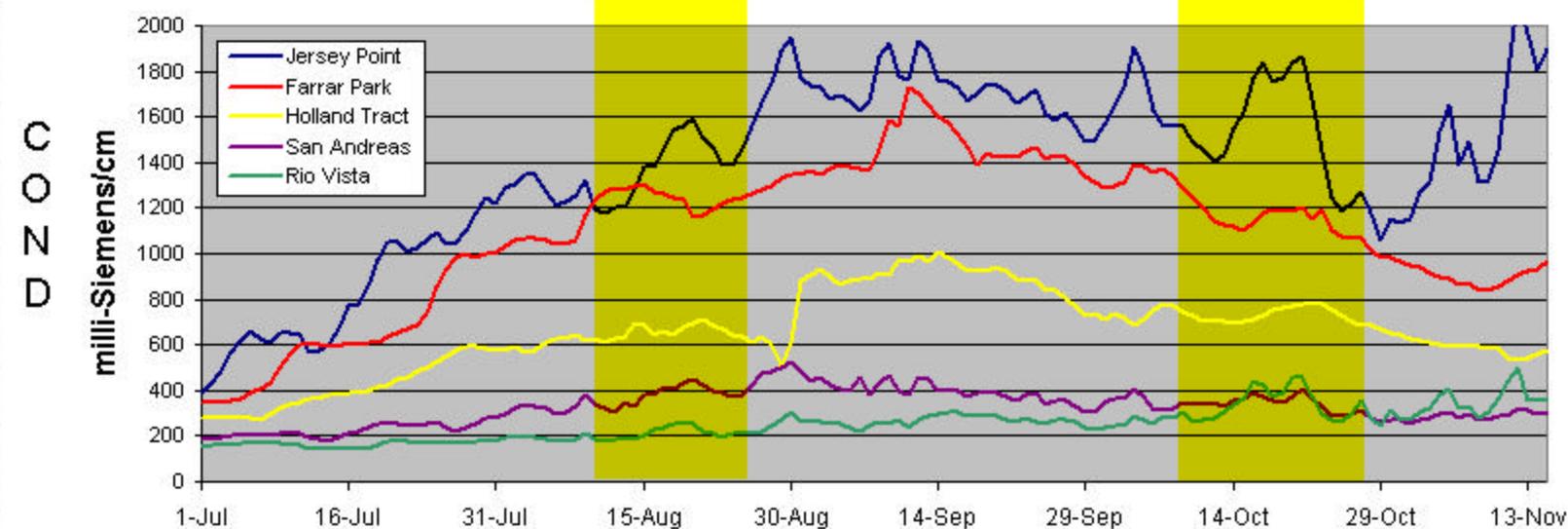
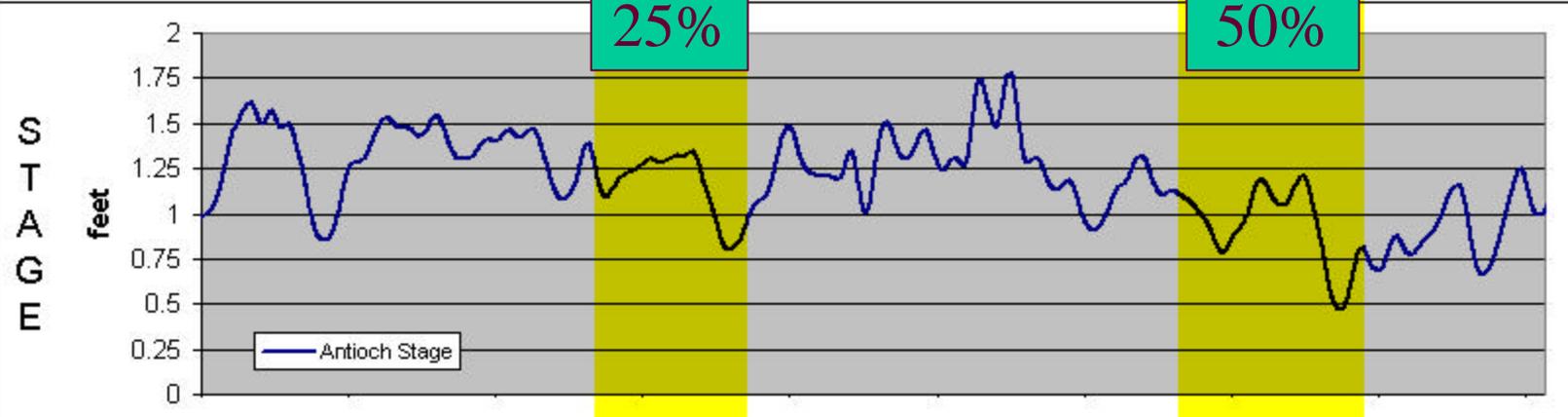
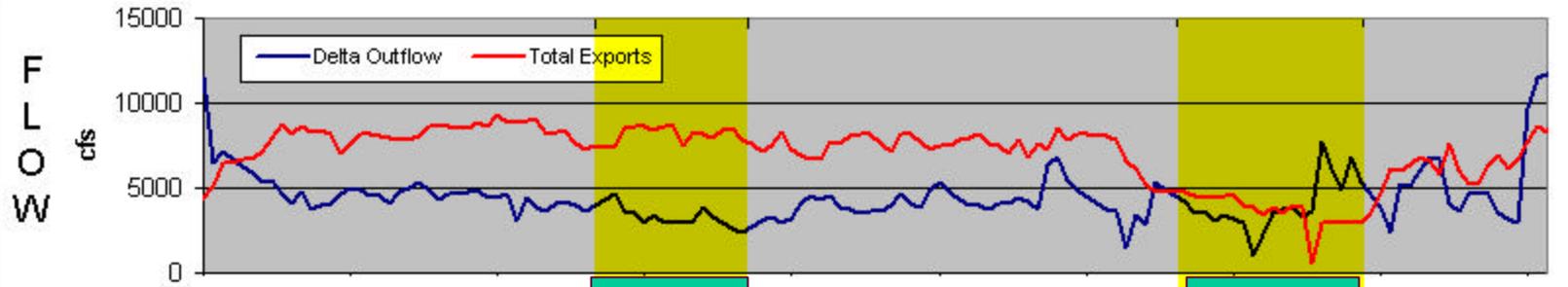
J. Burau, USGS, 1/14/03

Water quality – Conceptual model/experimental design



Oct. 24, 2001 at 01:29 AM





Water Quality Studies

- Gear in place or quickly deployed
- Need salinity response in central delta
- Need level flows and level pumping
- Need two three-four day periods
- Ideally operate below balanced conditions to allow salinity to rise without violating standards
- Water costs prohibitive

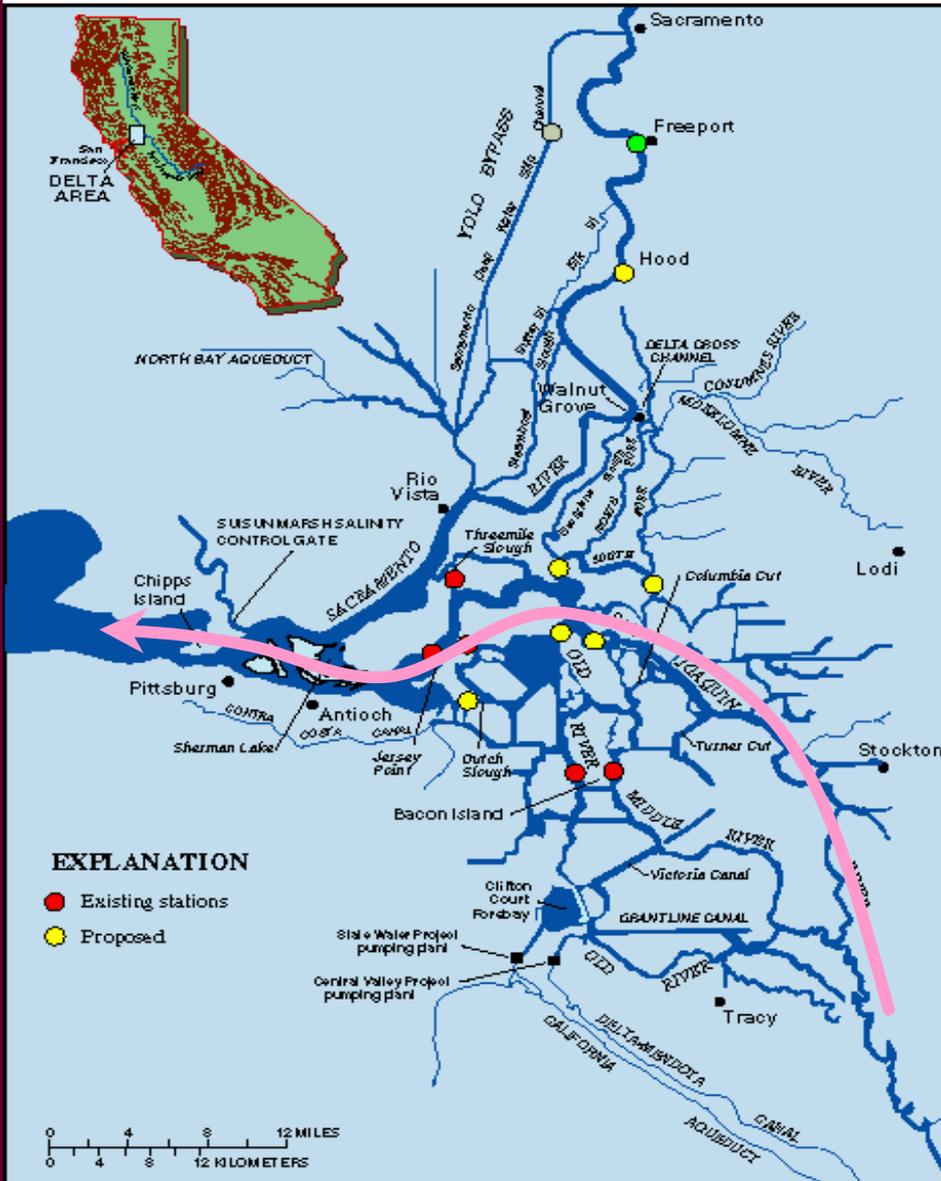
Likely Future Applications

- Nighttime trawls
- Nighttime closures
- Closures to protect fry (?)
- WQ studies done piecemeal
- Habitat investigations and restoration
- Predation, growth, survival studies

DCC Different from VAMP

- Late-fall run and spring run yearlings
- 120-150 mm
- Late Oct-Nov
- Water clarity >1.5 m
- Small geographic, hourly focus
- Fall-run smolts
- 40-60 mm
- April-May
- Water clarity 25-50 cm
- Delta-wide, multiple year focus

SACRAMENTO-SAN JOAQUIN DELTA



Vernalis Adaptive Management Program

VAMP

- 12 year study on delta survival of San Joaquin salmon; 4 years done
- 5 experimental flow/export combinations
- Midwater trawl, Kodiak trawl and adult ocean captures supply data

The San Joaquin & Old Rivers

The Head of Old River Barrier

s Reis





Head of Old River Barrier

VAMP Target conditions

Flow at Vernalis (cfs)

	3200	4450	5700	7000
Exports (cfs)				
1500	A	B		C
2250			D	
3200				E

Setting the targets

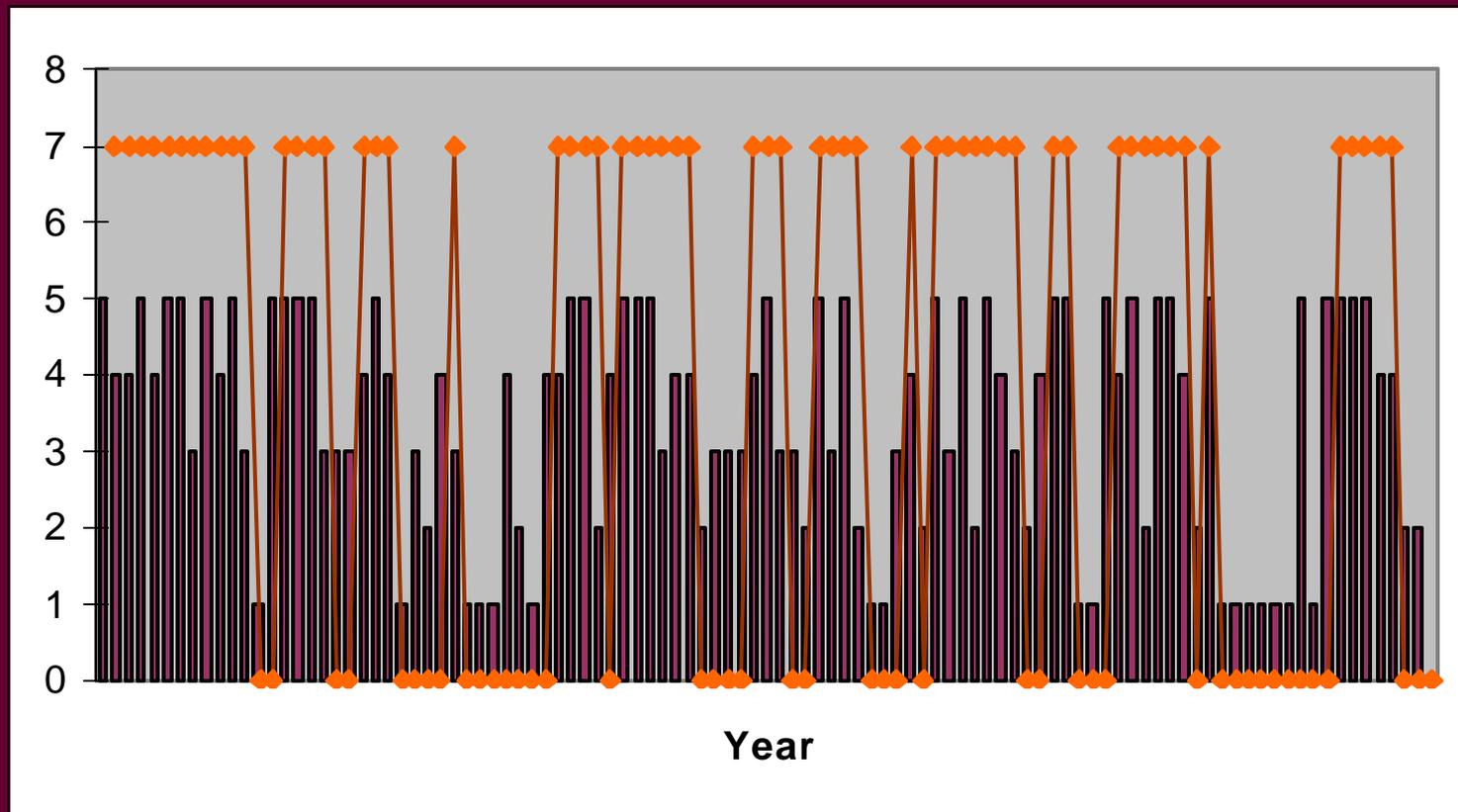
- Estimate baseline flow for April 15
- If dry, use flow target one step above baseline
- If normal to wet, use “double step”
- In third year of drought no additional water required
- When target 7000, alternate export levels

VAMP Conditions (so far)

Flow at Vernalis

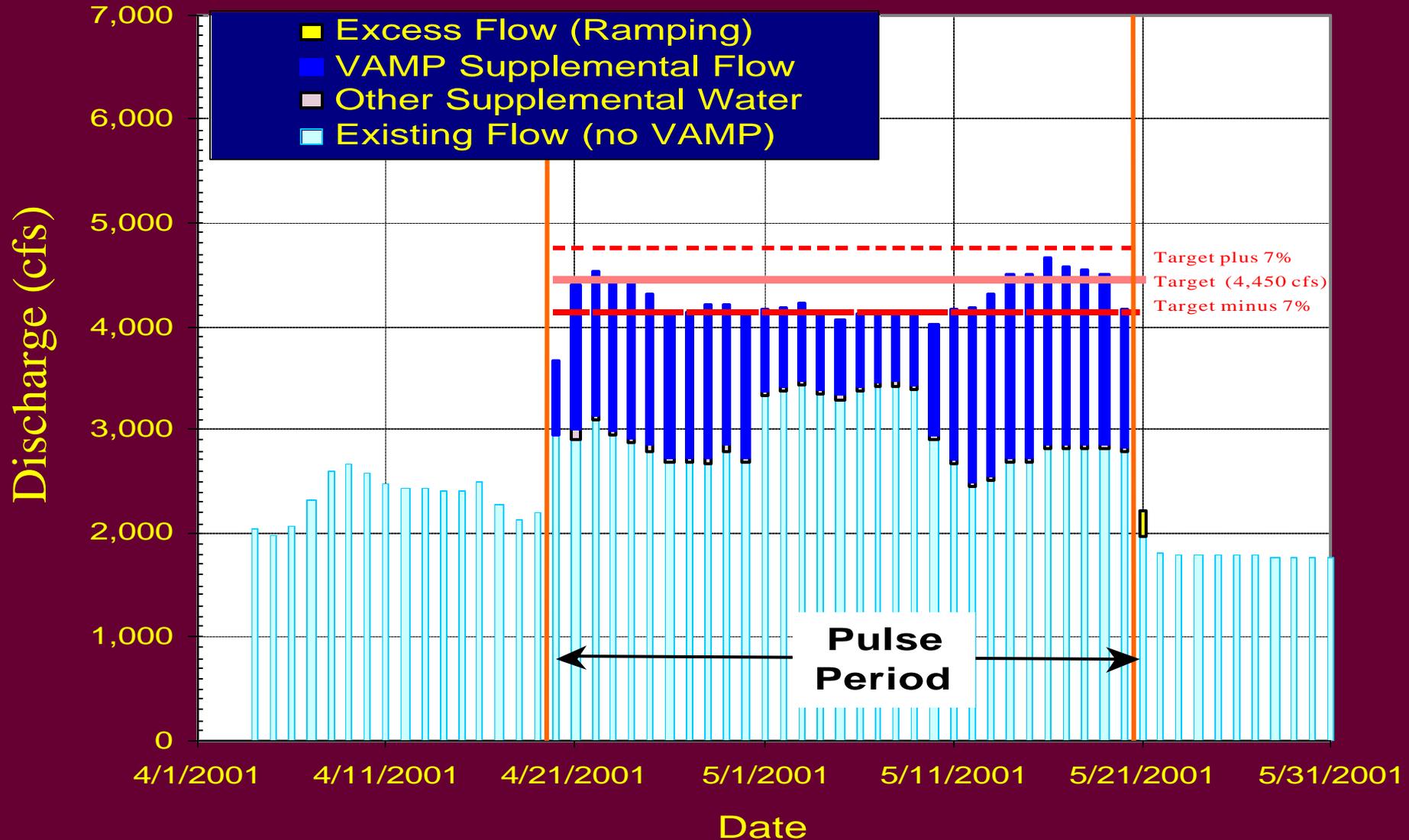
		3200	4450	5700	7000
Exports	1500	2002 2003	2001		C
	2250			2000	
	3200				E

Historical Doubling Frequency



Actual VAMP flows

San Joaquin River near Vernalis

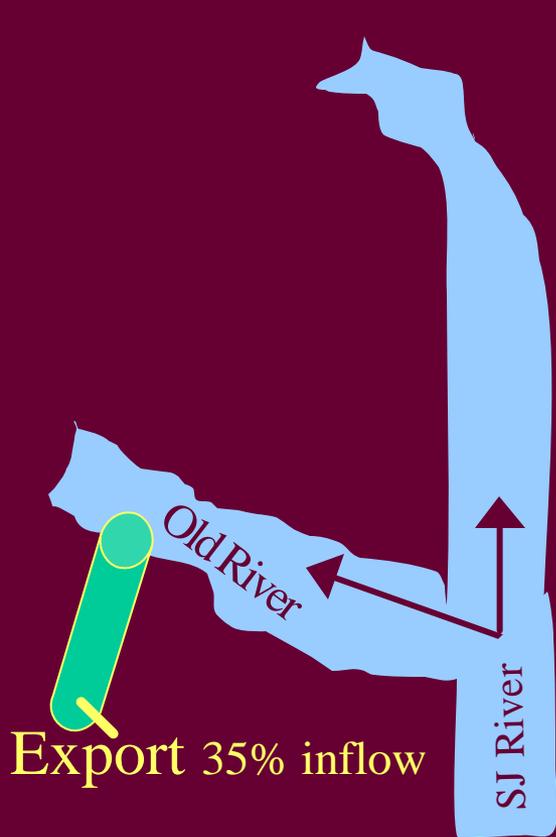


Channels
are small,
large
withdrawals
and returns.

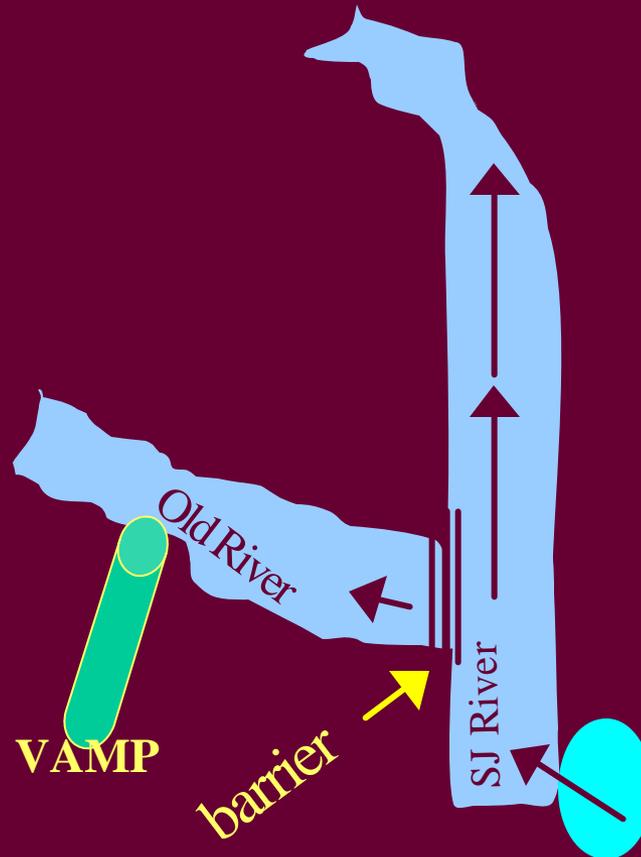


VAMP & Regulation of SJR flows

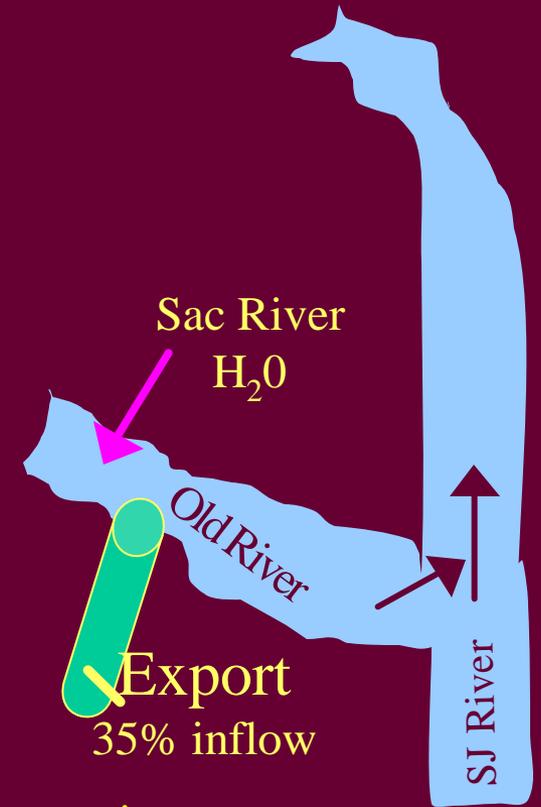
Flow Regime 1
(Before April 15)



Flow Regime 2 (VAMP)
(~April 15-May 15)



Flow Regime 3
(After May 15)



What VAMP doesn't examine

- Time scales of flow variance
- Velocities or Volumes?
- Water quality
- Predators?

South Delta Studies

- Near and far field
- VAMP conditions
- Hydroacoustics, seining, traps.

Management Implications

- Only adaptive management program
- Best conditions at usual height of SJ salmon and delta smelt sensitivities
- Produces large experimental conditions